

COMPETE PROJECT

EXPANSION PROGRAM FOR WAREHOUSE RECEIPT PROGRAM FOR RICE AND MAIZE IN TANZANIA

BASELINE REPORT FOR
MBINGU FARMERS ASSOCIATION (Ifakara)
AND
MANGALALI FARMERS ASSOCIATION (Iringa)

Draft Report: 26th January 2010.

Implemented by:

Rural Urban Development Initiatives (RUDI)

Rural Urban Development Initiatives



P. O. Box 78741, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, Tel No. +255 22 2601873 Fax +255 22 2601874 E-Mail: info@ruditz.org; Website: www.ruditz.org

Baseline conducted by

Lameck P. Kikoka

M&E Consultant	

Baseline Report for COMPETE Project Ifakara and Iringa 05/01-09/01/2010.

Table of	contents
----------	----------

1.0 Introduction	4
2.0 Profile of the farmer associations in Mbingu and Mangalali	5
2.1 Mbingu Farmers Association:	5
2.1 Mangalali Farmers Association	7
3.0 Baseline indictors	9
4.0 Issues for management consideration	0

RURAL URBAN DEVELOPMENT I NITIATIVES.(RUDI) COMPETE PROJECT.

Expansion of Warehouse receipt Programs for Rice and Maize.

Baseline Report for Ifakara and Iringa 05/01-09/01/2010.

1.0 Introduction

RUDI is applying the 10 steps of result based Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) used by the World Bank¹. Baseline data were taken in 2 project area of Mbingu (Ifakara) and Mangalali (Iringa).

Compete Project has 11 output indicators which need to be measured during the implementation of the project. These are summarized below.

Results	Verifiable indicators	
Increased quality milling	1. Quality rice processed in quality	
machine in the villages	milling machine increased by 5%	
Increased quality warehouses	2.Grain stored in the warehouses	
in the villages	increased by at least 5%	
Increased quality and quantity	3.Productivity increase by at least	
of grain produced	10%	
	4. Number of variety grown by	
	farmers decrease by 5%	
Increased functioning	5. Quality warehouse used by small	
warehouse Receipt Systems	holders increased by 5%	
(WRS) in the village		
Increased volume of sales	6. Sales increase by at least 10%	
Increase village based	7. Village based Associations	
Associations	increased by at least 5%	
Increase access to credit to	8. Number of small farmers access	
small holders	credit increased by 10%	
Increased women participate	9. Increase women participation by	
in WRS	5%	
Reduced middlemen	10. Decrease number of middlemen	
participate in grain trading	in grain trading by 5%	
Increase proper weigh scale	11. Increase number of farmers use	
usage by farmers	certified weighing scale by 5%	

All the 11 indicators were asked during the baseline survey in the 2 project areas using a special questionnaire (see annex 1)

_

¹ World Bank 2008 Ten steps for the Result Based M&E.

2.0 Profile of the farmer associations in Mbingu and Mangalali.

2.1 Mbingu Farmers Association:

The Mbingu Farmers Association (MFA) was registered in 2004 with Reg. No SO 12918 with assistance from DAI PESA. The association has 70 members (37F). The village has 3000 households (HH) which are potential members of MFA. MFA leadership is elected every 3 years as per their constitution. MFA has a SACCOS which is used by members and non members. The major crops grown by members are Paddy, maize, cocoa, beans, and sesame.

MFA is a member of the District Apex organization AKIRIGO. MFA has participated in the Warehouse Receipt System (WRS) for the past 3 years since 2007. In 2007 they sold collectively through Kikwawila Warehouse which is in Ifakara (about 50 km away). In 2008 MFA used the warehouse in Mgeta which was Division warehouse (10 km away). In 2009 MFA used the Kikwawila warehouse in Ifakara town (50 km away). Mbingu Ward has a warehouse located at Mbingu village with a capacity of storing 1000 tons. The warehouse was built in 1986/7 through FAO program but is currently not utilized. The warehouse is owned by the village government. MFA has requested formally from the village and District Authorities to manage the warehouse using WRS. The association has received a verbal response but yet to sign the lease contract.

In terms of leadership MFA has a management committee of 7 people (1F). The treasurer is a woman. MFA has a bank Account and is also a member of the SACCOS.

MBINGU WAREHOUSE WHICH NEEDS REPAIR



2.1 Mangalali Farmers Association

Mangalali farmers Association (MFA) was established in 2003 during the DAI PESA project. The founder members were 43 (20F). The association was registered in 2006 with Reg. No. SO 14088. The current membership is 88 farmers (27F).

MFA is a member of the Iringa District Apex Farmer organization called Association of Iringa High quality farmers products. Mngalali Village is part of Ulanda Ward has 780 households households which are potential members of MFA. The whole ward has about 2900 HH.

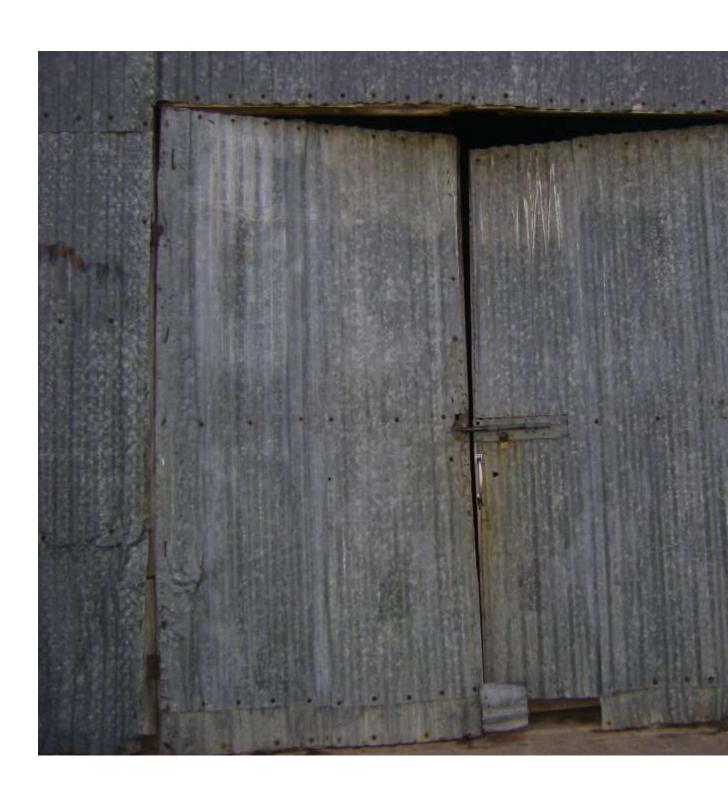
The major crops grown are maize, sunflower, beans and vegetables. The average household holding is 5 acres.

MFA has a management team of 5 and 3 are women including the chair person. MFA has a bank account with CRDB.

MFA has not participated in a warehouse receipt system before but they are eager to start next season. The management team has requested formally to manage one of the warehouses in the Ward which is owned by the District Council. They have held lease negotiations which they expect to conclude within a week.

Mangalali warehouse has a capacity of 250tons and is built of corrugated iron sheets. The warehouse was built through Korean support under rice irrigation scheme which is not longer operative.

Mangalali Warehouse which needs repair



3.0 Baseline indictors

Below are baseline figures for the 2 associations.

Verifiable indicators	Baseline	Mbingu	Mangalali
1. Quality rice processed in	No of milling	4 small	0
quality milling machine	machines	i sinan	
increased by 5%	macmics		
2.Grain stored in the	Product		0
warehouses increased by at	stored in the	16.4 tons	
least 5%	warehouse	10.1 tolls	
	(Bags/Tons		
3.Productivity increase by	Bags/Tons	8 bags/ac	10-15
at least 10%	produced per	Saro,	
	acre	Super	4- SeedCo
4. Number of variety	No of	Mwanza	Staha,
grown by farmers decrease	varieties	Zambia	Pioneer,
by 5%	grown		Hybrid
5. Quality warehouse used	No of	1	1
by small holders increased	warehouses		
by 5%	No of people	4	
	selling to the		0
	Warehouse		
6. Sales increase by at least	Tons and	TBD	0
10%	value of crop		
	sold through		
	WRS		
7. Village based	No of	1/8	1
Associations increased by	farmer		
at least 5%	associations		
8. Number of small farmers	No of	4	0
access credit increased by	farmers		
10%	getting credit		
	through		
	WRS		
9. Increase women	No of	1/37	27
participation by 5%	women		
	members in		
	the		
	association		
10. Decrease number of	No of	66	20
middlemen in grain trading	buyers of		
by 5%	crops in the		
	area		
11. Increase number of	Type of	Plastic 20	Plastic 20L
farmers use certified	units of	L	Ndonya
weighing scale by 5%	measure used	Sado 4 kg	Bakuli

4.0 Issues for management consideration

- 1.1 The warehouse in Mbingu has offices for important government departments like a police post, a ward secretary office and a local court. During negotiations for lease the position of the government offices should be resolved and agreed in writing.
- 1.2 The road linking the warehouse to the main road is in a bad shape and the aasociation or the village government have to lobby for the District council to repair the road during renovation otherwise it will be difficult for the farmers and buyers to access the warehouse
- 1.3 The Mangalali warehouse is built of CIS. Security of the warehouse needs to be improvised and preferably a fence around the area.
- 1.4 The Mangalali warehouse is small. However the is plenty of space around it which needs to be prepared if cocoons will be used.
- 1.5 The association in Mangalali wants to expand the warehouse now which I see no need of doing it unless the farmers start to use it and the demand increase. The expansion could be considered next season.
- 1.6 The lease contracts should be considered very carefully. The role of the villages vs the role of the association should be clearly spelt out. Where necessary the project should seek the services of a legal expert before the association can sign.

RURAL URBAN DEVELOPMENT NINITIATIVES (RUDI). Baseline Indicator Sheet

Date of Baseline.	
Name of Warehouse	_
Location (Village and District)	
Respondent:	
Enumerator:	

Results	Verifiable indicators	Baseline	Targets
Increased quality	1. Quality rice processed in	No of milling	
milling machine in the	quality milling machine	machines	
villages	increased by 5%		
Increased quality	2.Grain stored in the	Product	
warehouses in the	warehouses increased by at	stored in the	
villages	least 5%	warehouse	
		(Bags/Tons	
Increased quality and	3. Productivity increase by at	Bags/Tons	
quantity of grain	least 10%	produced per	
produced		acre	
	4. Number of variety grown	No of	
	by farmers decrease by 5%	varieties	
		grown	
Increased functioning	5. Quality warehouse used by	No of	
warehouse Receipt	small holders increased by 5%	warehouses	
Systems (WRS) in the		No of people	
village		selling to the	
		Warehouse	
Increased volume of	6. Sales increase by at least	Tons and	
sales	10%	value of crop	
		sold through	
		WRS	
Increase village based	7. Village based Associations	No of farmer	
Associations	increased by at least 5%	associations	
Increase access to	8. Number of small farmers	No of	
credit to small holders	access credit increased by	farmers	
	10%	getting credit	
		through WRS	
Increased women	9. Increase women	No of women	
participate in WRS	participation by 5%	members	
Reduced middlemen	10. Decrease number of	No of buyers	
participate in grain	middlemen in grain trading by	of crops in the	
trading	5%	area	
Increase proper weigh	11. Increase number of	Type of units	
scale usage by farmers	farmers use certified weighing	of measure	
	scale by 5%	used	